ERDINGTON A C A D E M Y

Home-School Learning Collaboration - Art & Design

Topics in this cycle: Colour theory: The Visual Elements	Taught: Spring 2	Year Grou 7	ıp:
Key knowledge/concepts to be learnt ('Tell me about')		Websites/blogs/YouTube links and further reading to deepen and consolidate learning	
 What are the visual elemential dentify what the visual elements and ing of how the in a piece of Artwork. Describe, recognise and ovisual elements are Line, of Pattern. Develop skills and produce both theoretical How do a range of artist we well as developing an understand describe a root and cultures, focusing on way to create a desired of the Visual Elements by create produce the full range of the Visual Elements are the full range of the Visual Elements are and demonstrat completing a range of exapplication. Introduction to artwork from Develop and understanding 	ents and why are they important? ements are and continue to develop an ey can be used to create a range of desired effect develop an understanding of what each of the is Colour, Value/Tone, Form, Shape, Texture and d control of the visual elements in the work they lly and in a practical form. Use the Visual Elements in the work they create as derstanding for how application on the visual ok and feeling of a piece of art. ange of different artist works from different times how they use the Visual Elements in an individual effect. Students will illustrate an understanding of eating a range of art works in the lessons that he Visual Elements. ents be used in Art? e an understanding of the Visual Elements and their	UcHA3g4a alaugh https://ww =KQEDArtS https://ww P-cMURN {	w.youtube.com/watch?v=97PLr9FK0sw&list=PLgGibSh E08XoaoFoVPZZJzVTZ&index=20&ab_channel=lookfor w.youtube.com/watch?v=BDePyEFT1gQ&ab_channel
Key Vocabulary and Definitions To Be Learnt		1	What Will The Assessment Look Like?

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Line	Is the path left by a moving point. For example, a pencil or a brush dipped in paint.	Artwork – sketchbook development
Space	Space refers to distances or areas around, between or within components of a piece. Space can be positive (white or light) or negative (black or dark),	 End of Unit test: 1 hour Short answer questions/comprehension
Pattern	A design that is created by repeating lines, shapes, tones, or colours.	 Extended writing/design task
Silhouette	A dark shape seen against a light surface: The silhouette of the bare tree on the hill was clear against the winter sky	Drawing skills exercise
Value/tone	This refers to the lightness or darkness of something. This could be a shade or how dark or light a colour appears. Tones are created by the way light falls on a 3D object.	
Form	Form is a three-dimensional shape, such as a cube, sphere, or cone. Sculpture and 3D design are about creating forms. In 2D artworks, tone and perspective can be used to create an illusion of form.	
Colour	Red, yellow, and blue are primary colours, which means they cannot be mixed using any other colours. In theory, all other colours can be mixed from these three colours. Two primary colours mixed together make a secondary colour.	Family Learning Opportunities
Texture	This is to do with the surface quality of something, the way something feels or looks like it feels. There are two types of texture: actual texture and visual texture.	Watching programmes on art or visiting art galleries.
Shape	A shape is an area enclosed by a line. It could be just an outline, or it could be shaded in. Shapes can be either geometric, like a circle, square or triangle, or irregular.	Making and creating together to gain knowledge and to practise materials that may not be used in the classroom.
Composition	in art is the way in which different elements of an artwork are combined. In general, this refers to the key subjects of the artwork and how they are arranged in relation to each other	https://rbsa.org.uk/ https://macbirmingham.co.uk/