Home-School Learning Collaboration – Computing



Topics in this cycle: Computer Networks	Taught: Summer 1	Year Group: 9
Key knowledge/concepts to be learnt ('Tell me about')		Websites/blogs/YouTube links and further reading to deepen and consolidate learning
• What is a Computer Network? Identify the different devices used in a network Explain what a computer network is. Identify problems that can arise in a network. Describe the benefit of a computer network.		Notes/Information Star Networks https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zr3yb82/revision/1
• What are the different types of networks? Identify the different types of networks. Explain how the different types of networks work. Describe the benefit of each type of network.		Mesh Networks https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zr3yb82/revision/2
• What are network topologies? Identify different network topologies. Explain the benefits and drawbacks of the different network topologies. Create different network topologies using different devices.		Wireless Networks https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zr3yb82/revision/3
What is a wireless network? Explain how a wireless network works. Describe the advantages and disadvantages of wireless networks Explain how the creation of wireless networks have changed how we access technology.		Encryption https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zr3yb82/revision/4
 Why is encryption used in a network Explain what encryption is and how Explain why encryption is used in ne Create your own way of encrypting 	r ? it works. tworks. a message.	Packet Switching https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zr3yb82/revision/7
 What is packet switching? Identify the devices used in packet switching. Explain how packet switching works. Describe the benefits of packet switching. 		Videos Computer Networks: Crash Course Computer Science #28 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3QhU9jd03a0</u>

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Key Vocabulary and Definitions To Be Learn		What Will The Assessment Look Like?	
Network	A group of interconnected computers/devices.	Extended writing – The benefits of wireless networks and an	
Node	Any device connected to a network.	explanation of new packer switching works.	
Data	Units of information. In computing there can be different data types, including integers, characters, and Boolean. Data is often acted on by instructions.	 End of Unit test: 35 minutes/25 marks Short answer questions Extended writing 	
Packet switching	A method of communication across a network where a message is broken down into small pieces which are sent separately.		
Switch	A device for connecting computers and other network capable devices together to form a network.	3 marks for SPAG	
Encryption	Files that are encrypted have been altered using a secret code and are unreadable to unauthorised parties.	Family Learning Opportunities	
Encrypt	Files that are encrypted have been altered using a secret code and are unreadable to unauthorised parties.	 With your family watch the 101 Computing video which will inform you of the different components needed to set up a network. You will then try to create a specific network design based on 3 different customer requirements. Use the online network design tool to create these designs using the relevant hardware and cables. 	
Topology	The structure, or arrangement, of a network.		
Mesh topology	A network where each node is directly connected to all other nodes.		
Star topology	A network where each node is connected to a central switch.	https://www.101computing.net/network-design-tasks/	
Transmissions	The sending of data from point A to point B.	Devise a quiz on the different elements of a network and test	
Wi-Fi	A method of connecting to the internet wirelessly using radio waves.		
Wireless Access Point (WAP)	A device that connects computers to a network using Wi-Fi.		