Home-School Learning Collaboration – History



Topics in this cycle:		Taught:	Varue Crauma O	
World War One Spring 2			Year Group: 8	
Key knowledge/concepts to be learnt ('Tell me about')		epts to be learnt ('Tell me about')	Websites/blogs/YouTube links and further reading to deepen and consolidate learning	
1.	Why was there tension in Europe be	efore WWI?		
*	There were 4 MAIN reasons for tension in Europe: Militarism, Alliances, Imperialism, Nationalism. European countries had been racing to gain colonies in Africa. This caused rivalry. Sources and evidence, inference		8 Events that Led to World War I HISTORY Causes of World War One - World War One - KS3 History - homework help for year 7, 8 and 9 BBC Bitesize	
1.	What caused the outbreak of WW1? There were both long term and sho Archduke Franz Ferdinand.	? ort term causes of WWI. MAIN and the assassination of	The Causes Of The First World War Imperial War Museums (iwm.org.uk)	
*	Causation, chronology			
2. *	Was World War One a global conflict? Imperialism led to fighting in 6 out of 7 continents, but it was fought mainly on European interests. Volunteers from Britain's colonies fought alongside the British Army. Most volunteers came from India, the West Indies and Africa.		Why the British West Indies Regiment joined World War One - World War One - KS3 History - homework help for year 7, 8 and 9 BBC Bitesize	
* 3.	Sources and evidence, significance Why was life difficult in the trenches		What was life like on the front line in World War One? - World War One - KS3 History - homework help for year 7, 8 and 9 BBC Bitesize	
>	Trenches were cold, muddy dange defence and attack.	erous places. The key features of a trench feature around	Fighting In The Trenches - Trench Life WW1: KS2/KS3 IWM Learning	
	 Extended writing 			

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Key Vocabulary and D	efinitions To Be Learnt	What Will The Assessment Look Like?	
Militarism:	Building up armed forces, preparing for war.	PART A: 10 x 1 marks answers	
Alliances:	Agreements or promises to help another country	PART B: Extended answer 15 marks	
Imperialism:	Building up of empires and colonies		
Nationalism:	Having pride in and love for your country		
Assassination:	Murder of an important/well known person		
Combatant:	A nation/person engaged in fighting	Family Learning Opportunities	
Theatres:	in warfare, an area where military action takes place	World War One sources are held in the Heritage Research Area on Level 4 of the Library of Birmingham.	
Napoleonic Wars:	Wars fought by France in Europe 1799-1815	These resources can be used to research the histories of ancestors who were in the armed forces in the First World War.	
Trench:	Long narrow ditch. Most of the fighting in WWI took place in trenches.		
Stalemate:	A situation where neither side can achieve victory nor advantage over the other.	Visit a memorial: <u>The Hall of Memory</u> in Birmingham,	

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