Home-School Learning Collaboration – GCSE English Language

ERDINGTON ACADEMY

Topics in this cycle:	Taught:	Year Group:
Speech writing	Summer 1	7
Key knowledge/concepts to be learnt ('Tell me about')		Websites/blogs/YouTube links and further reading to deepen and consolidate learning
 Why are speeches important in our society? Identify the power of words and language and the impact they have. Explain the impact of our words and language. 		https://www.debatematevirtual.com/blog/discussion- topics-to-debate-with-your-child
What are register and audience in a speech?		https://noisyclassroom.com/topic/this-house-would- encourage-children-to-strike-for-climate-change/
• Identify and describe what register and audience are and why understanding these is important when constructing and articulating a written piece.		Discuss current issues considering the issue from different viewpoints.
 How can we effectively structure a speech? Know the most effective way to 'hook' a audience or reader. Know how to construct a speech using appropriate and engaging techniques. 		Family conversations regarding topical issues impacting society.
 How can I recognise and utilise rhetoric? Know the different types of rhetoric. Apply learning of the different types of rhetoric in own writing. 		
 How a debate is structured? Identify the structure of a debate. 		



Key Vocab	ulary and Definitions To Be Learnt	What Will The Assessment Look Like?
Orator	Public speaker, especially one who is eloquent or skilled.	Students will sit a Trust-Wide BASE assessment in June where they will be formally assessed on
Rhetoric	The art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing	previous knowledge (key terms, inference), gap
Audience	The assembled spectators or listeners at a public event	knowledge (language analysis / comparing



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Register	The level of formality in language that's determined by the context in which it is spoken or written.	pieces of writing) and current knowledge (argument writing.)	
Hook	An opening statement (which is usually the first sentence) in an essay that attempts to grab the audience's attention	This unit of work provides a strong foundation for success in this assessment.	
Rhetorical question	A question asked in order to create a dramatic effect or to make a point rather than to get an answer.		
Tricolon	Three phrases in succession, with all three constructed in the same pattern.		
Credible	Capable of persuading people that something will happen or be successful.		
Anecdote	An anecdote is "a story with a point", such as to communicate an abstract idea	Family Learning Opportunities	
Counter- argument	An argument against another argument, idea, or suggestion	When deciding on a family activity – takeaway / film to watch / game to play – practice your rhetoric with each other and let the most	
Direct address	The use of a term or name for the person spoken to, as in securing the attention of that person		
Discourse Markers	Words and phrases used in speaking and writing to 'signpost' discourse	persuasive make the decision!	
Proposition	A statement or assertion that expresses a judgement or opinion.		
Opposition	Resistance or dissent, expressed in action or argument.		